The effect of frequent cannabis-use on cognitive-motor performance

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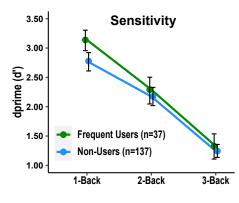
Does frequent cannabis-use affect cognitive-motor performance?

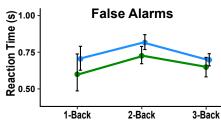
Online browser study. Participants (N=217; M_{age}= 22.2, SD_{age}= 7.21; M=51, F=166) completed a cannabis-use questionnaire and a battery of tasks assessing cognitive-motor performance.

Spatial Working Memory

Participants observed a grid where a square appeared in one location, each trial. All participants completed three conditions: 1, 2, & 3-Back ('n' corresponds to the number of trials 'back' that had to be remembered.



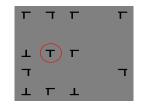




Frequent users are more accurate in 1-back, and make faster errors!

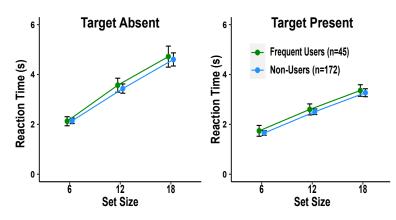
Visual Attention

Participants searched for a target (regular, upright 'T') through sets (6,12, or 18) of irregularly shaped 'T's. Responses were a button press of 'X' when target was present and 'M' when target was absent.



GO

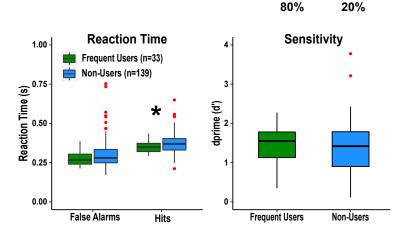
NO GO



No difference between frequent users and non-users!

Impulse Inhibition

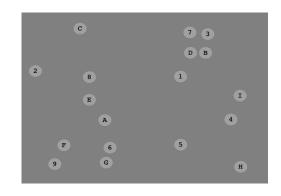
Participants made a response when presented a 'Go' stimulus, and inhibited a response when presented a 'No-Go' stimulus.

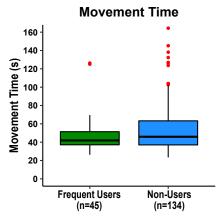


Frequent users are faster!

Executive Function

Participants used their mouse to connect the circles, alternating between letters and numbers (e.g. 1A, 2B) as fast as possible.





Frequent users are faster!

- ➤ Frequent cannabis-use does not impair cognitive-motor function.
- ➤ Future work: immediate effects of cannabis on cognitive-motor function.





