Effect of Error Feedback on Implicit Adaptation

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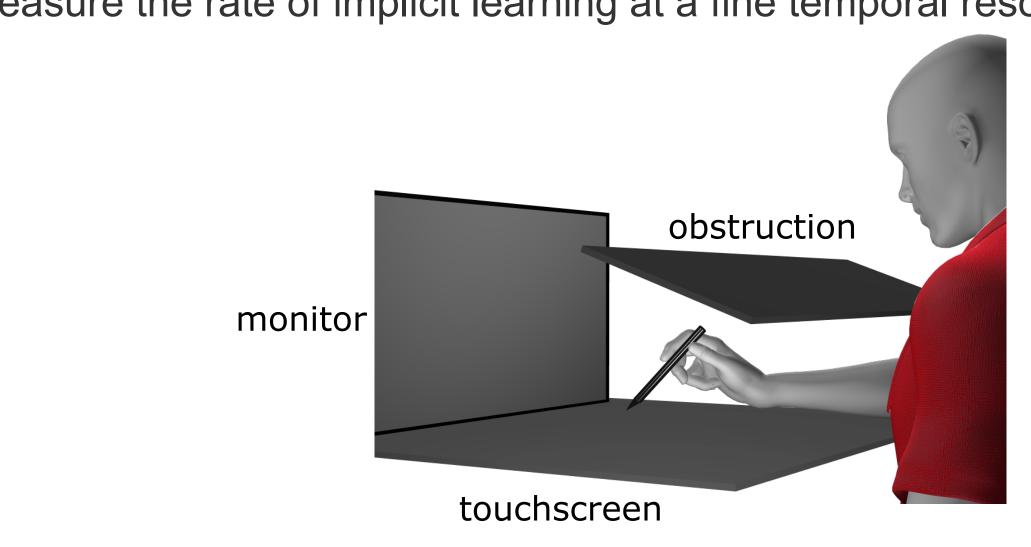


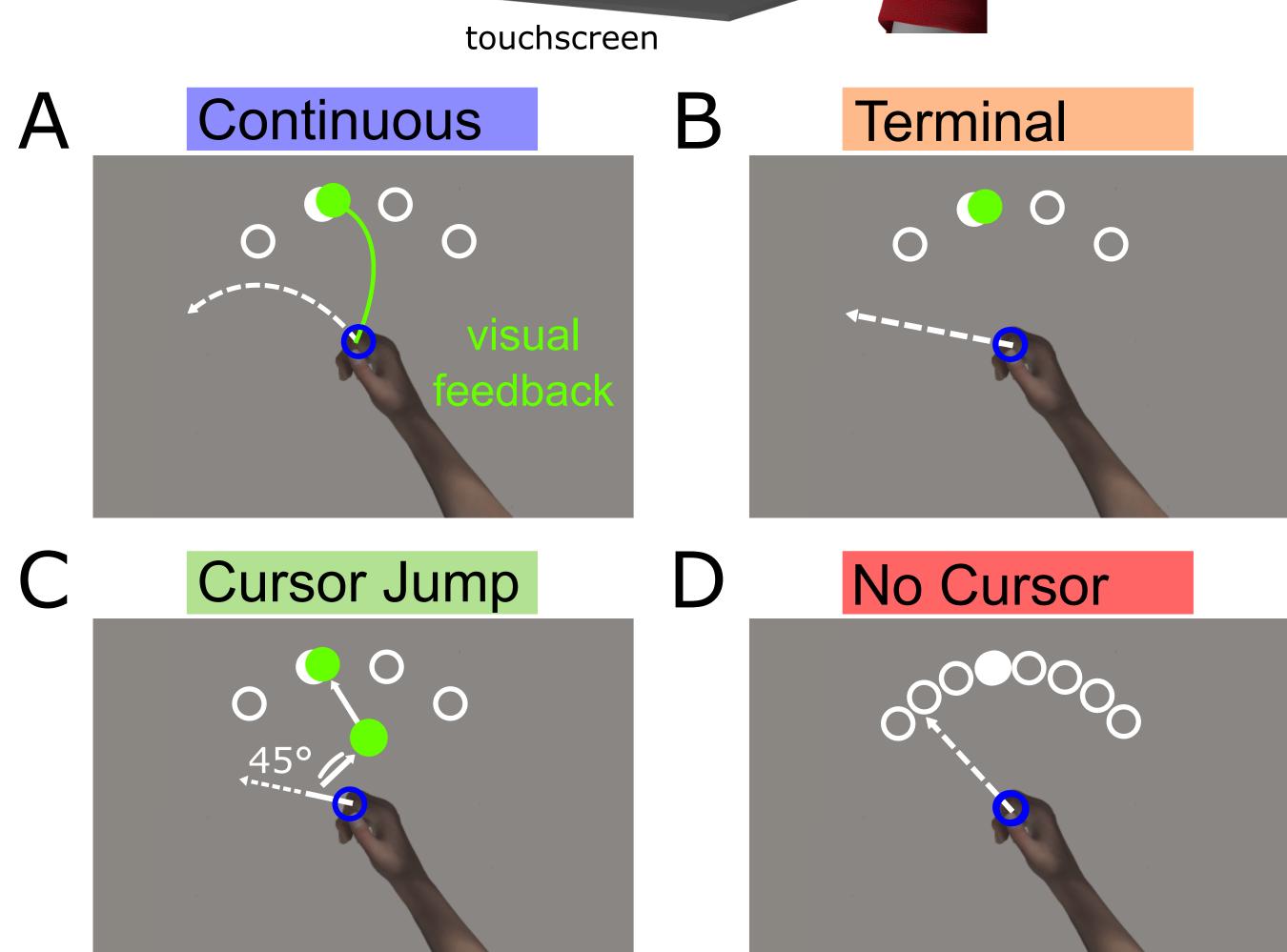
How is Implicit Learning Influenced by Feedback?

People constantly adapt their movements to their changing circumstances, which is mostly handled by our automatic, unaware, or implicit motor adaptation systems. While the time course of these implicit processes is thought to be slow, this is actually largely unknown. Motor adaptation is usually induced by having people reach to targets with a cursor whose motion is misaligned with respect to their unseen hand. Here, I have tested the effects of various kinds of feedback of the unseen hand motion on the speed of implicit learning.

Experimental Procedure

All groups completed the same rotation schedule with different visual feedback (see below) and all trained with a cursor rotated 45°. After every training trial participants completed a no-cursor trial to probe implicit adaptation. By alternating between training and testing trials, we could measure the rate of implicit learning at a fine temporal resolution.







Training with continuous rotated feedback

Terminal

Training with terminal rotated feedback; cursor only shown at end of reach trial

Training with cursor-jump feedback, cursor jumps

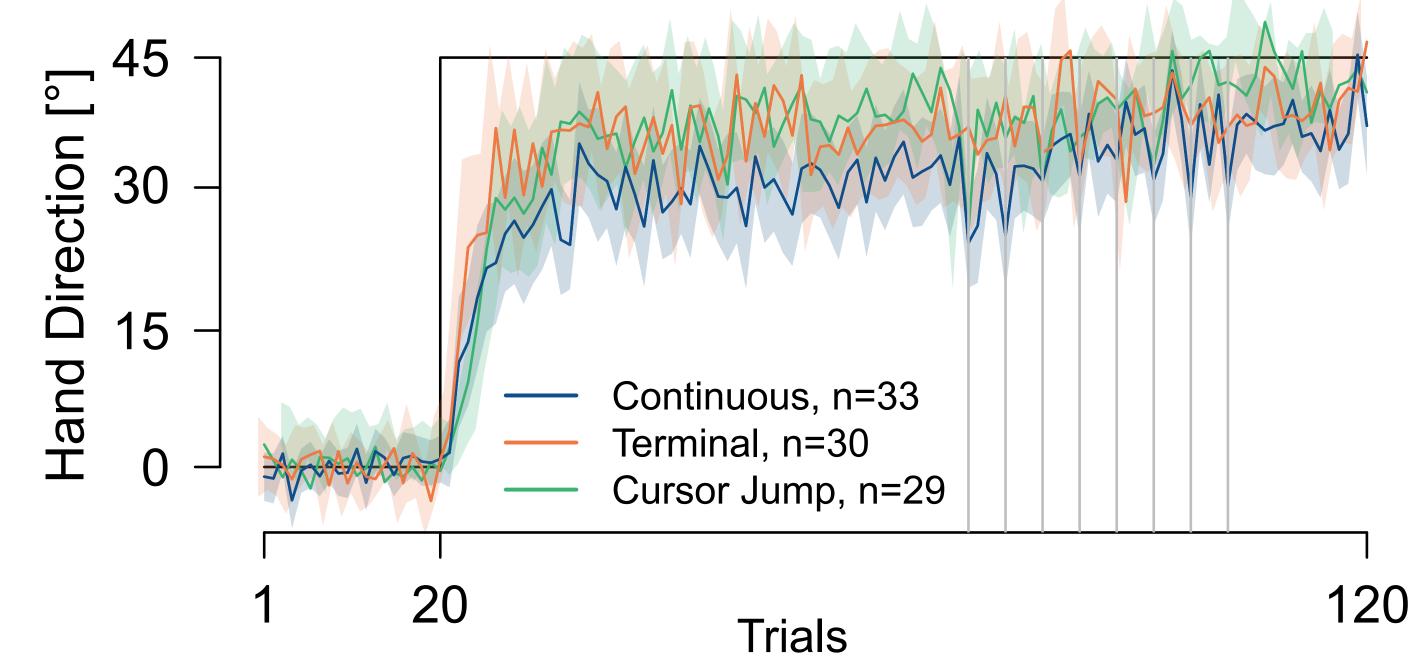
Cursor Jump

No Cursor

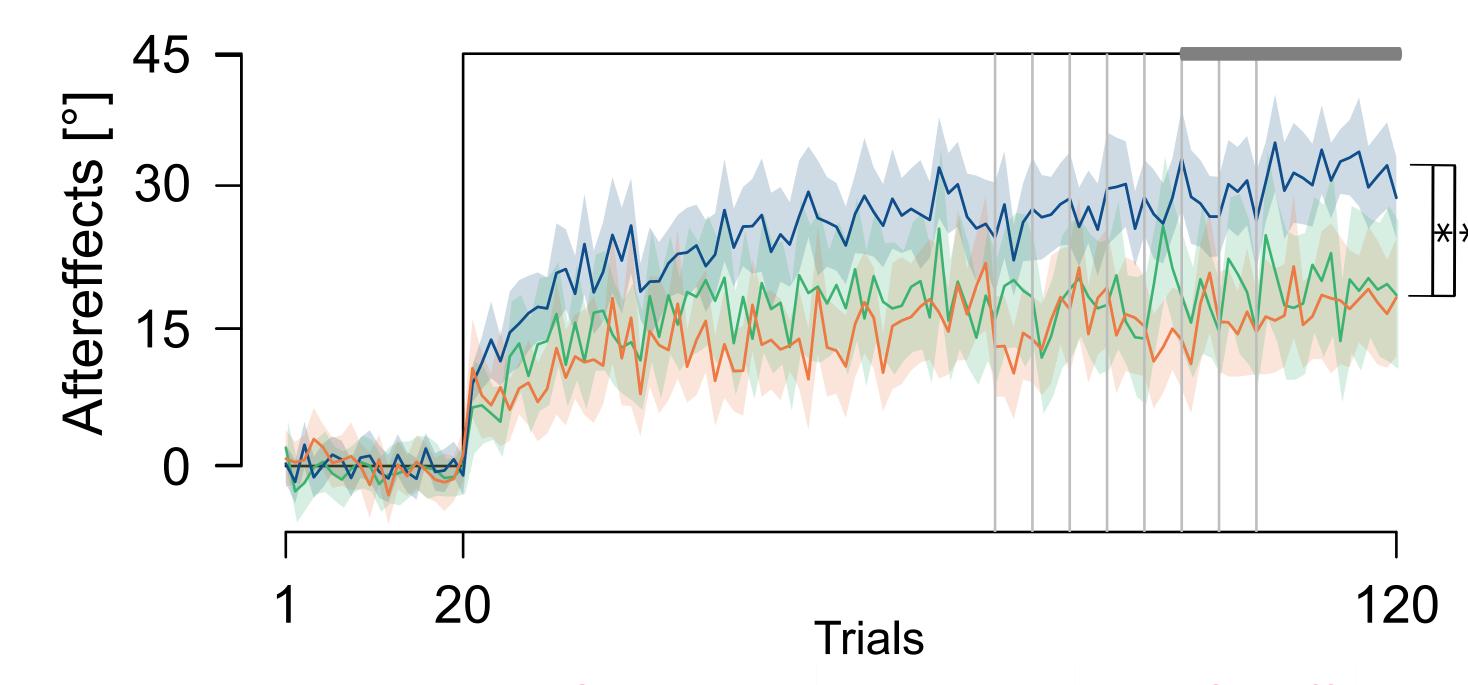
Test trial with no cursor feedback using targets which are ±15° relative to previous training target

45° CW mid-reach on every trial

No Effect of Condition on Adaptation to Training



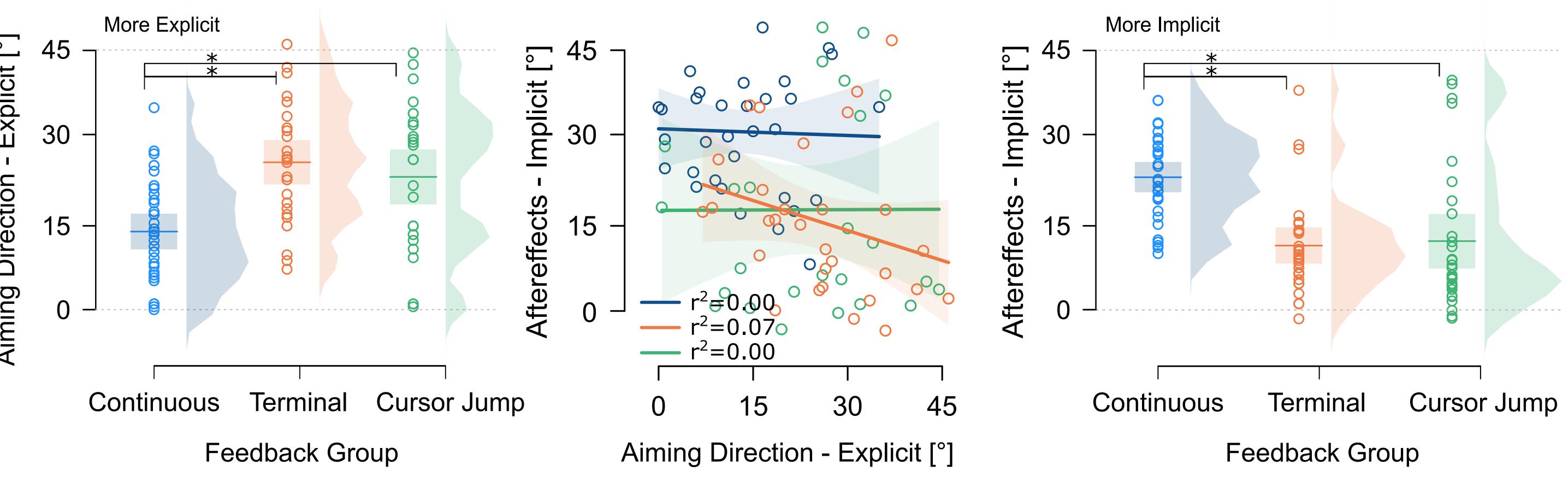
Higher Implicit Adaptation with Continuous Feedback



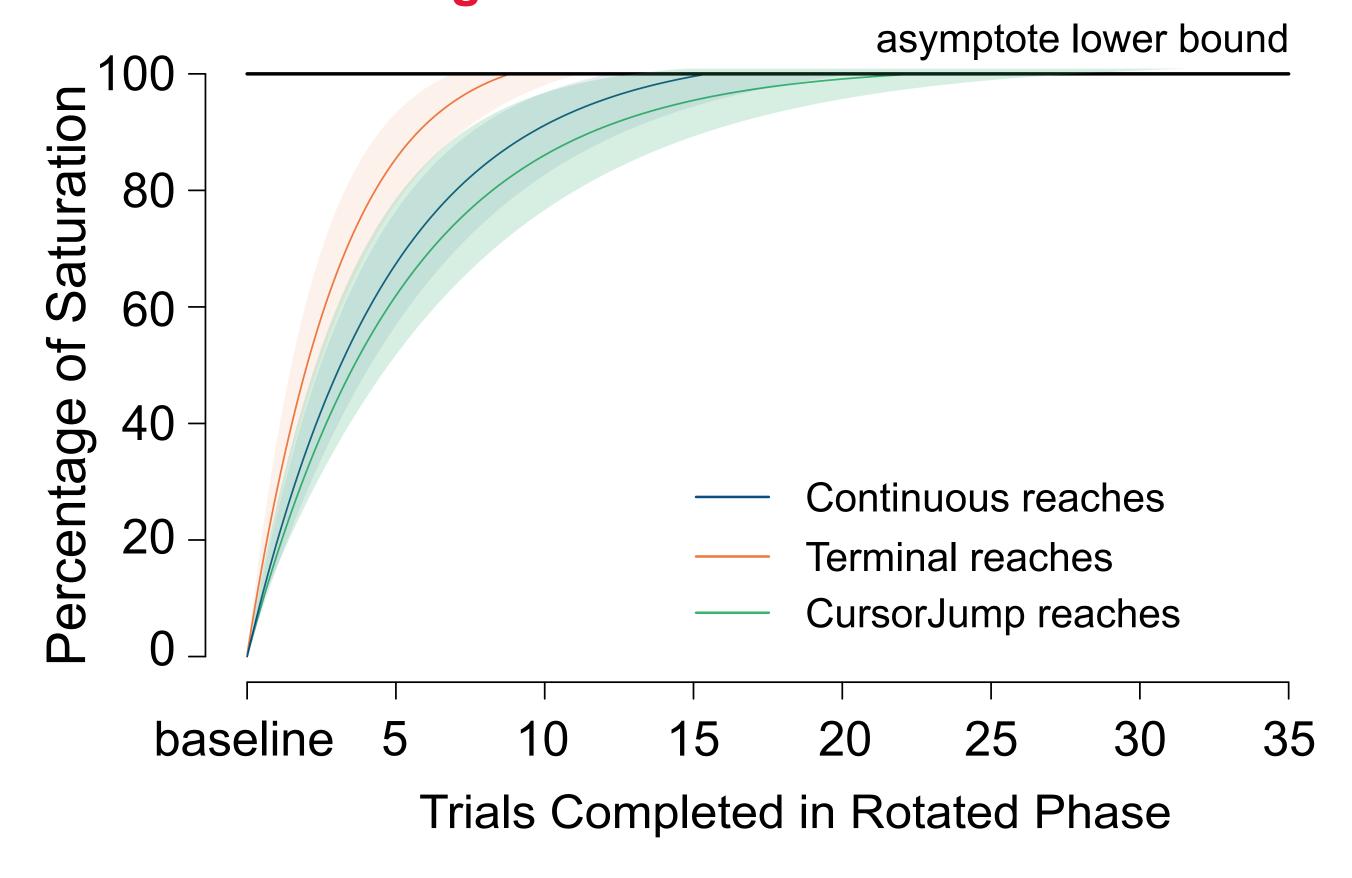




Changed Feedback Lowers Aftereffects

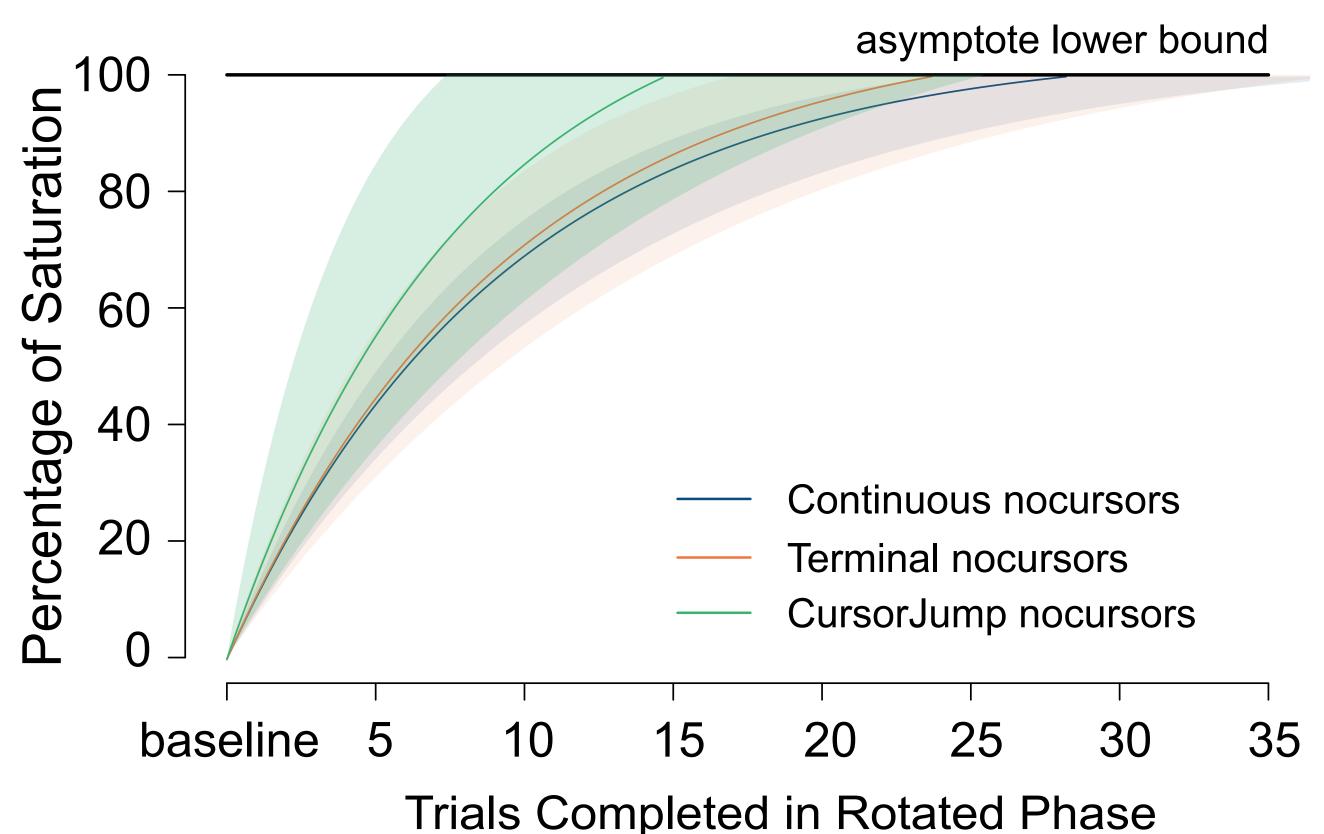


Terminal Training Saturates Fastest



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Aftereffect Saturation Rate



Error feedback affects the level but not the rate of implicit adaptation